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EX-KAISER WILL RETURN HOME

BECAUSE THERE IS TROUBLE IN HOLLAND OVER HIS PRESENCE. THE QUEEN ARRIVES IN AN AIRPLANE. ALLIED GOVERNMENTS THINKING OF THE EFFECT OF THE GERMAN EMPEROR IF HE SHOULD RETURN HOME.

Amsterdam, Nov. 18.—The former Emperor has arrived in Holland, making the trip in an airplane, according to the Zevenaar correspondent of the Telegraph Company.

Emperor Preparing to Return to Germany.

London, Nov. 18, 3:47 a. m.—The Potsdam Soldiers and Workmen's Council learn that William Hohenzollern is planning to return to Germany on account of disturbances due to his presence in that country according to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The Lokal Anzeiger states that he is likely to be permitted to return.

Prinz Eitel Friedrich has appealed to his comrades of the Potsdam guards to place themselves at the disposal of the new government in Germany.

His Presence Not Desirable
Washington, Nov. 17.—Information reaching here from official sources indicates that the situation in Holland is causing grave apprehension and that the presence there of the former German Emperor with member of his family and some of his strongest supporters may so inflame the people as to endanger the monarchy.

While it is true, it was pointed out, that the former Kaiser is practically a prisoner in the von Bentinck castle, he is not the prisoner of any of his foes. It was suggested that the immediate fate of the Ex-Kaiser is of little moment compared with other affairs in Europe, his presence upon an already disturbed state in the Netherlands that he is the object of concern among allied statesmen.

Bolshevism apparently has taken root in Holland. Before the war the relations between the Dutch and German courts were very close, and it is suggested that the Bolshevik may see in the presence of the former ruler of Germany an excuse to precipitate an uprising against the Queen.

The bread ration in Holland was increased from 200 to 280 grams per person per day, beginning Friday according to a cable from Commercial Attache Edwards at The Hague to the Department of Commerce.

Want Ex-Kaiser Removed.

Washington, Nov. 17.—According to information reaching Washington there is strong sentiment in certain quarters of the Entente governments in favor of insisting that the former German Kaiser and his eldest son shall be compelled to make their residence at some place remote from German territory. It is likely that there will be equally strong insistence that no son or brother of the former Emperor shall be permitted to reside in Germany.

Nothing has yet appeared to indicate a disposition on the part of any of the governments at war with Germany to provide unusual punishment for the former Kaiser and former Crown Prince. The feeling exists, however, that it should be made impossible for them to carry on intrigue against the effort to democratize Germany.

The suggestion that the ex-Kaiser should be kept under guard on a remote island, as was Napoleon, has not attracted attention, apparently, among those who will have a say in the ultimate disposition of his person. In connection with this suggestion, one of the places mentioned for the confinement of the ex-Kaiser is the island of Heligoland, with the

guard composed of soldiers of the allied and American governments.

It is taken for granted here that the matter of imposing punishment on the ex-Kaiser and leading members of the autocratic group at Berlin who brought on the war and were responsible for German atrocities will be discussed by the representatives of the allied governments who will participate in the negotiation of the peace treaty. So far no definite suggestion on this subject appears to have received consideration.

Taking Inventory of Germany's Financial Condition.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Investigation of Germany's financial condition has been undertaken by the allied governments for the purpose of ascertaining the ability of that country to reimburse the countries which she occupied and for the damage to property she committed.

It has been learned from official sources that Germany's debt now amounts to 35 billions of dollars, mainly in bonds held by the people of that country and this represents two fifths of the estimated resources of the empire which total eighty billions of dollars. Although there has been no official announcement of the aggregate amount that the allies expect Germany to pay it is certain to run into billions of dollars and the terms of course must be made according to Germany's ability to pay.

With the American Army North-east of Verdun, Sunday, Nov. 17.
(By the Associated Press).—Two 16-inch cannons were turned over to the Americans at Spincourt Saturday. These were the guns used by the Germans to shell the Verdun region. 42 guns of various calibres were surrendered. The entrance of the Americans into Spincourt on Saturday was most spectacular. Lt. Emmett Gruner of St. Louis represented the First army while Lt. Robert Nichols of Salisbury went as the military expert to see that guns were all in good condition.

German Propaganda in America Still Active

Washington, Nov. 18.—Government agents have found that German propaganda is still active in the United States, and is being put in order to encourage sympathy for Germany in this country for the purpose of influencing the peace settlements. The public is warned that the same interests formerly so active in this country America's entrance into the war and remained quiescent during the war are again active to secure for their country the best possible terms in the settlements of peace and adjustments of the damage done by Germany in territory occupied by its armies.

The Last of the Germans

Washington, Nov. 18.—Reports today regarding the march and progress of the third army in Belgium is announced by general Pershing who said that by nightfall of yesterday the retreating elements of the German army had reached a point near the German border.

The Condition of Prisoners

Nancy, Nov. 18.—(By wireless).—Returning British and French and Belgian prisoners in the region of Nancy show the results of their period of captivity. The Y. M. C. A. is feeding and clothing and caring for them.

FAIR TONIGHT AND COOLER

For North Carolina fair and cooler tonight, Tuesday fair with fresh west and northwest winds.

A NEGRO BOY SHOT

Two negro boys and two white boys who were hunting yesterday, contrary to law, happened to an accident in which one of the colored boys was shot in the head and a part of his face was torn off.

The boy who was shot is the son of Marcellus Moore and the one who did the shooting was the son of Andrew Ellis. Both boys were very small. The affair was an accident. The boys were discussing the sale of the gun.

MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR ENOS FRETZ

Who Fell in the Defense of His Country and Human Liberty

OCTOBER THE EIGHTH

The Methodist church in this city yesterday afternoon contained a large audience to listen to the eulogiums of praise bestowed upon Enos Fretz, the brave young soldier who fell in action for his country and to break the shackles of slavery that bound the feet of his fellowmen. The speakers were Rev. Mr. Stanbury, pastor of the Methodist church and Col. Bruton.

Mr. Stanbury explained that the young man was a member of that church and also a member of the Finch Baraca class. After devotional exercises and the reading of appropriate resolutions by Mr. D. T. Perkins from the Finch class, Mr. Stanbury stated that this young man is the son of Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Fretz of this city and was a member of this church and that we have met here to honor the memory of one who belonged to us and to our Sunday School.

After the reading of the resolutions by Mr. Perkins, Mr. Stanbury in the course of his remarks, explained that our young hero who had offered up his life on the altar of his country for all that is good and great was born in Indiana and came to this state about four years ago. That he was 29 years of age and joined the church last March. That he tried to get into the Marine Corps but that he failed in this undertaking and later was inducted into the service at Suffolk where he was employed at that time.

Mr. Stanbury reiterated that this was another instance brought so forcibly home to us that we must give up the very best we have when great undertakings are in hand, for it is our best that can be depended on in a struggle or a crisis. Everything that is good, everything that is great requires the highest sacrifice to attain. France gave her best blood to set her country free. She murmured not neither did she complain. It was all worth giving up her life and her treasure that she and her children and her children's children might enjoy the priceless boon of liberty, and America realizing that unless she stepped into the breach the same fate awaited us that was visited upon France, also cast her lot with the allies and now the oppressor's heel has been broken and Enos Fretz has helped to do it and his name rests among the immortals. It is a glorious position in which our country stands as the champion of human liberty and it is a glorious sacrifice this young man has made for his fellowman, that he has placed himself on his country's altar and died that others might live.

Mr. Stanbury read a number of letters showing the esteem in which the young man was held by his comrades and particulars of his death.

Col Bruton who was introduced (Continued on last page.)

INTERESTING ARTICLE FROM HENRY FORD

Shows How Republicans Are Lining Up and How Moneyed Interests Are Planning to

CONTROL GOVERNMENT

To the extent that politics is synonymous with "getting down into the ditch and throwing mud" Henry Ford, defeated candidate for United States Senator from Michigan, is through with the game forever. To the extent that continued support of President Wilson is politics, Mr. Ford will stick to it. This assertion was embodied in a typewritten statement commenting on his defeat, which Mr. Ford made public yesterday through his sales agent in this city. Mr. Ford said that he got lots of satisfaction out of his candidacy.

"Any man worth while likes to know that he stands well with his neighbors," the statement said. "The vote shows that in my home city and county where I have lived all my life, I got all the Democratic votes and nearly half the Republican votes."

Mr. Ford wound up his statement by hinting at a possible recount of the vote in Michigan.

"If so, it will be for the purpose of showing how our elections are manipulated by the moneyed interests; nor will that cease with the election," the statement continues. "If organized effort can inform the people and hinder the rule of the dollar, I think we shall accomplish something."

Wall Street interests, now organizing against \$176,000 to get the Republican nomination for his opponent, Commander Truman H. Newberry.

"How much was spent in the election to secure that Senatorial seat goodness only knows," the statement said. "If they would spend \$176,000 to get out little nomination, they would spend \$176,000.000 to clean up the country. That is where our danger lies; that is what makes for Bolshevism."

Mr. Ford said that he derived larger satisfaction than he did from the proof of his own popularity among his neighbors, from the demonstration the election brought that Michigan was not so "rock-ribbed" Republican that voters could not be prised loose from the party label when principle was involved. Though the State is normally Republican by 100,000, the Michigan Republicans had to call for outside aid to beat him, Mr. Ford insisted.

"Two ex-Presidents and one wouldbe President got into the fracas," according to the statement. "Two of them stopped making faces at each other long enough to get together and take a united wallop at me, and the would-be came limping in late with his partisan contribution."

After this fling at the Roosevelt-Taft appeal and the Hughes aircraft investigation report, Mr. Ford continued:

"At that, nearly 50,000 Republicans jumped out of the corral and ran loose, and they seemed to like it. That bodes well for the future. Everybody's nose in Europe is

WINSTON-SALEM IN AN UPROAR

MARKETS

COTTON

New York, Nov. 18.—The cotton market met considerable realizing and lost from 12 to 30 points today. Scattered selling was very much in evidence and this was believed to be for southern account. Active months showed a loss of from 30 to 45 points. The market steadied at this level but at noon showed much weakness and irregularity.

New York, Nov. 18.—Cotton futures opened steady with December 29 to 28.80, Jan. 28.25 to 28.00, March 27.80 to 27.90, May 27.60 to 27.75, January 27.50. At noon January cotton was 28 cents. Spots Wilson market, 27 1-2.

STOCKS

New York, Wall Street, Nov. 18.—Last week's further reduction of excess reserves showing from the bank statements further reductions of credit restricted large buying of stocks and oil, equipments and motor sand several of the specialties declined three and a half points. United States Steel reacted a point and the investment rails were inclined to sag. Southern Pacific lost 1 1-2 points and Atlantic Coast Line 2 1-2 points. Marine Preferred was the only prominent issue to show steadiness rallying 2 points from its recent severe decline.

Winston-Salem, Nov. 18.—Order has been restored after the night of rioting in which four were killed and a number were injured when a mob which gathered in front of the jail attempted to lynch a negro named Russell High who is held on the charge of shooting Edwin Childress Sheriff Flint and attacking Mrs. Childress. The negro who was not positively identified is believed to have been removed elsewhere for safe keeping.

250 men from Camp Polk arrived last night and are patrolling the vicinity for the purpose of preserving order and dispersing the mob which gave up their quest when they learned that the prisoner had been removed to another city. The list of the dead are as follows: Rachel Levi, a young girl who was shot while leaning out of the window of her home watching the proceedings. Robert Young, a fireman who was shot while playing a hose on the crowd. John White, a construction foreman who was fatally wounded while driving a motor car near the scene of the riot, and a fourth victim is an unidentified negro.

Winston-Salem, Nov. 18.—The death toll in the riot here last night which followed efforts of a mob to storm the city jail and lynch a negro prisoner had been increased at midnight to five—a girl spectator, a city fireman and three negroes. The police believe that a detailed search today will show that at least seven persons and may be more were killed.

Upwards of a score of persons are believed to have been injured, five or six of them seriously. They are mostly white persons and include two members of the Home Guard; which were called out when the mob made its second visit to the jail after shooting a negro and accidentally wounding a white prisoner in the afternoon.

A mob assembled in front of the City Hall here last night intent upon lynching the negro who shot J. E. Childress, attacked his wife and shot Sheriff G. F. Flynt.

About 5 o'clock a mob stormed the jail and shot to death a negro charged with having committed an assault Saturday night on a white woman.

Later it was said the negro shot in the jail was not the right man and the mob again formed in front of the City Hall. The mayor addressed them and implored the citizens that they disperse. The fire alarm was rung and the companies responded.

A line of hose was run out and the water was turned on the crowd. Indescribable shooting then ensued. One young member of the Home Guards fell, shot through the breast, and a young girl also was seriously wounded.

Two Killed; The Injured

Winston-Salem, Nov. 18.—At least two persons are known to have been killed and probably a score of others injured, several seriously, in a riot here last night which resulted from the efforts of a mob of several thousand men to storm the city jail and lynch a negro accused of shooting J. E. Childress and Sheriff Flynt Saturday night.

The known dead are: Rachel Levi, a young woman by-stander, and Robert Young, a fireman. The more seriously injured include Margaret George, Linwood Hecler, John Rumpier, citizens, and Frank O'Brien, and R. T. Hawley, members of the Home Guard; Chas. White, Jules Stith, Cecil Alley, J. J. Adams.

(Continued on Last Page.)

OVER AN ASSAULT ON WHITE LADY AND SHOOTING OF HER HUSBAND BY A NEGRO. FIVE KILLED AND A SCORE INJURED IN RIOT WHICH FOLLOWED. TROOPS TO THE SCENE.

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(Continued on Last Page.)

GET A DUPLICATE LABEL

In order to insure the receipt of a Christmas parcel by every single man in the American Expeditionary Forces, the War Department has extended the time of mailing for overseas packages until November 30th, and has authorized the American Red Cross to have printed sufficient additional Christmas labels exactly similar to those received from abroad to issue to those families who have not received the labels which were distributed to the men abroad. In many cases these labels have been lost in transit and the new ruling provides that the nearest relative of each man in the A. E. F. may obtain from the Red Cross Chapter, a duplicate label provided the original has not arrived by November 21st.

Applicants for these duplicate labels should make a written statement to the effect that he or she is the nearest living relative in the United States of the man to whom the package is to be sent, that he or she has not received a label from abroad, that should such a label be received it would not be used and that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief only one package will be sent to the proposed recipient.

This extension of the time limit and the issuing of duplicate labels absolutely insures a Christmas package to every man in the service in Europe. The Southern Division is now having these labels printed and they will be distributed to Chapters with full instructions by November 21st.

COURT REFUSES TO REOPEN MOONEY CASE

Washington, Nov. 18.—The supreme court today refused to review the case of John Mooney who is under sentence to die on December 13, for murder in connection with a bomb explosion two years ago in San Francisco.